

Software Safety

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Acronyms

■ CRA	Comparative Risk Analysis
■ FMEA	Failure Modes Effects Analysis
■ OSA	Operational Safety Assessment
■ PHA	Preliminary Hazard Assessment
■ PHL	Preliminary Hazard List
■ SHA	System Hazard Analysis
■ SSHA	SubSystem Hazard Analysis

Overview

- Order 8040.4 Safety Risk Management
- Implementation
- Products

Order 8040.4 (1/5)

■ Purpose

- Established safety risk management policy
- Prescribes procedures for implementing safety risk management and decision-making tool
- Establishes Safety Risk Management Committee

■ Issued by ASY on 6/26/98

Order 8040.4 (2/5)

■ Scope

- Application of a formalized safety risk management process for all high-consequence decisions
 - Result in a statistical increase or decrease in
 - personal injuries
 - loss of life/health
 - change in property value
 - loss.damage to property
 - cost/savings valued at 100,000,000 or more/year

Formalize a common sense approach

Order 8040.4 (3/5)

■ Safety Risk Management Policy

– Plan

- Risk analysis
- Risk assessment
- Prior to commitment of resources
- Criteria for acceptable risk

– Hazard Identification

- List of hazards

Order 8040.4 (4/5)

■ Safety Risk Management Policy

- Analysis
 - Identify both severity and likelihood of occurrence
- Assessment
 - Impact of risk element to acceptability criteria
- Decision
 - compare and contrast options

Order 8040.4 (5/5)

- Safety Risk Management Committee
 - Serves as a resource to FAA Organizations
 - Meets periodically to exchange risk management ideas and information
 - Provide advice and counsel to the Office of System Safety (ASY)
- Consists of technical personnel with risk assessment expertise

Implementation

- Safety Risk Management Committee
- Systems Engineering Council
- Systems Safety Working Group
- Changes to FAA Acquisition Management System

Safety Risk Management Committee

- Provides communications and support team to supplement the overall risk analysis capability and efficiency of key FAA organizations
- maintains a risk management resource directory
 - Risk methodologies employed
 - Resource assistance
- Identifying suitable risk analysis tools and training

Systems Engineering Council (1/2)

■ Purpose

- Orchestrates common systems engineering activities across the NAS
- Responsibility, authority, and accountability for the development, documentation, deployment, control, and monitoring of the systems engineering process.

Systems Engineering Council (2/2)

■ Primary functions

- leadership, Guidance, and vision
- Development of process
- Facilitate problem resolution

■ Products

- System Safety Management Plan
- System Safety Program Plan outline

System Safety Working Group

- Working arm of the Systems Engineering Council
- Assists in supporting and evaluating Operational Safety Assessments

System Safety Working Group

■ Products

- System Safety Handbook
- System Safety Training
- SSA Recommendations

Safety process

- Mission Needs
- Investment Analysis
- Solution Implementation
- In-Service Management

SAFETY PLAN

**Mission
Needs**

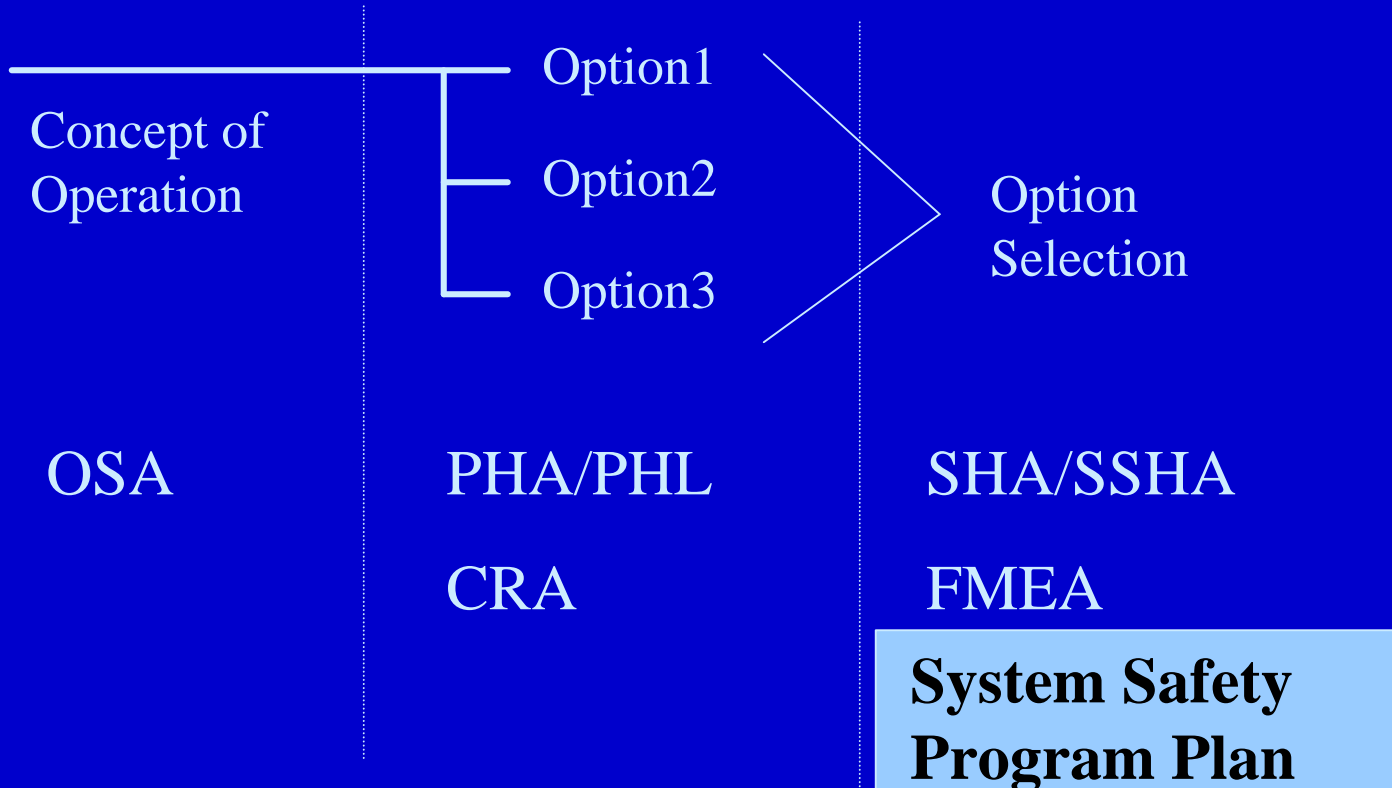
**Investment
Analysis**

**Solution
Implementation**

**In-Service
Management**

JRC1

JRC2



System Safety Management Plan (Hazard Tracking)

System Safety Handbook

- Outline
- Techniques

System Safety Handbook- Outline

- Ch.1 Introduction
- Ch.2 Policy and Process
- Ch.3 Principles of System Safety
- Ch.4 Pre-Investment Decision
- Ch.5 Post-Investment Decision
- Ch.6 Guidelines for Contracting
- Ch.7 Integrated System Hazard Analysis
- Ch.8 Hazard Analysis Tasks

System Safety Handbook - Outline Contd.

- Ch.9 Analysis Techniques
- Ch.10 System Software Safety
- Ch.11 Test and Evaluation
- Ch.12 Facilities System Safety
- Ch.13 Commercial Launch Safety
- Ch.14 System Safety Training
- Ch.15 Operational Risk Management
- Ch.16 Human Factors

Software Safety Chapter

■ Outline

- What is software safety?
- Software Safety Planning
- Safety Critical Software Development
 - Requirements
 - Design
 - Analysis and Design Methods
 - Architecture Design
 - Detailed Design
 - Code
 - Testing

What & Why

- Software safety ensures that the safety risk associated with software performing safety-significant functions is identified, documented, and mitigated.
- It is important because computers have been given the responsibility of autonomous control of safety critical functions and operations.

Software Safety - Planning

■ Provisions

- Consistent definitions of system and software risk
- Interfaces understood
- Appropriate verification requirements established
- Test plans and procedures will achieve verification requirements

■ Supports Life Cycle

- Systems acquisition and systems engineering

Software Safety - Requirements

■ Developed

- Top-down from system requirements
- Bottom-up from hazards analysis

■ Flow-down

- Checklists and cross-references
- Requirements criticality analysis
- Generic Software Safety Requirements

Software Safety - Structured Design

■ Techniques

- Object Oriented Analysis and Design
- Formal Methods - Specification Development
- Formal Inspections of specifications
- Timing, Throughput and Sizing analysis

Software Safety - Architectural Design

- Update Criticality Analysis
- Conduct Hazard Risk Assessment
- Analyze Architectural design
 - Design reviews
 - Simulation
- Interface Analysis
 - Interdependence
 - Independence

Software Safety - Detailed Design

- Design Logic Analysis
- Design Interface Analysis
- Software Fault Tree Analysis

Software Safety - Code

- Code Logic Analysis
- Code Interface Analysis
- Safe subsets of programming languages

Software Safety - Testing

- Test Coverage
- Test Results Analysis
- Independent Verification and Validation

Summary

- Instructions on how to perform system safety engineering and management for FAA personnel involved in system safety activities.
- Emphasis on System Safety Management Plan and System Safety Program Plan